

# Annex

## Millennium Development Objectives

Objective	Goals	Indicators
Objective 1. To eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	Goal 1. To reduce by half the percentage of people with incomes of less than 1 dollar per day (PPP) between 1990 and 2015	1. Percentage of people with incomes of less than 1 dollar per day (PPP) 2. Coefficient of poverty gap (incidence of poverty multiplied by the degree of seriousness of the poverty) 3. Percentage of national consumption corresponding to poorest one fifth of the population
	Goal 2. To reduce by half the percentage of people who suffer from hunger, between 1990 and 2015	4. Number of children under 5 with weight lower than normal 5. Percentage of people under the minimum level of food energy consumption
Objective 2. To achieve universal primary schooling	Goal 3. To ensure that by 2015 boys and girls around the world are able to complete the full cycle of primary education	6. Enrollment rate in primary school 7. % of students who start first grade and reach fifth grade 8. Literacy rate of people aged 15-24
Objective 3. To promote gender equality and autonomy of women	Goal 4. To eliminate gender inequality in primary and secondary schooling, preferably by the year 2005, and at all levels of schooling before the end of 2015	9. Ratio between boys and girls in primary, secondary and higher education 10. Ratio between the literacy rates of men and women between the ages of 15-24 11. Percentage of women gain- fully employed in the non agricultural sector 12. Percentage of jobs held by women in the national parliament 13. Mortality rate of children under 5
Objective 4. To reduce child mortality	Goal 5. To reduce the mortality rate of children under 5 by two thirds between 1990 and 2015	14. Child mortality rate 15. % of one year olds vaccinated against measles
Objective 5. Improve maternal health	Goal 6. To reduce maternal mortality by three fourths between 1990 and 2015	16. Maternal mortality rate 17. Percentage of deliveries assisted by specialized health personnel

Objective 6. To combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases	Goal 7. To have stopped and started to reduce the propagation of HIV/AIDS by 2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. HIV morbidity rate among pregnant women ages 15-24</li> <li>2. Contraceptive use rate</li> <li>3. Number of orphans due to</li> </ul>
	Goal 8. To have reduced and started to reduce the incidence of malaria and other serious diseases by the year 2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Malaria morbidity and mortality indexes</li> <li>5. Percentage of people in malaria risk areas who apply efficient malaria prevention &amp; treatment measures</li> <li>6. Morbidity and mortality rates associated with tuberculosis</li> <li>7. Percentage of cases of tuberculosis detected and cured with under direct observation shortened treatment</li> </ul>
Objective 7. To ensure environmental sustainability	Goal 9. To incorporate sustainable development principles into national policies and programmes and revert environmental resource losses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8. Percentage of land area covered with forests</li> <li>9. Protected land areas to maintain biological biodiversity</li> <li>10. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per unit of energy utilization (represents the efficient use of energy)</li> <li>11. Carbon dioxide emissions (plus 2 indicators of global air pollution: depletion of the ozone layer and accumulation of greenhouse effect gases)</li> </ul>
	Goal 10. To reduce the percentage of people without access to drinking water by half by the year 2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12. Percentage of people with sustainable access to better water supply sources</li> </ul>
	Goal 11. To have considerably improved the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers by the year 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13. Percentage of people with access to better sanitation services</li> <li>14. Percentage of people with secure land tenure</li> </ul>